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EZ Dock Leak Testing Procedure

Testing Procedure:

- 1. Apply Teflon tape to the threaded end of the ball valve.
- 2. Insert the ball valve through the treaded vent hole. Make sure the ball valve is in its closed position.
- 3. Attach the airline to the ball valve.
- 4. Open the ball valve and pressurize the part. It will take three to four seconds to realize the 0.4 psi, the pressure at which the test is conducted.
- 5. Close the ball valve.
- 6. Disconnect the airline.
- 7. Connect the low-pressure gage.
- 8. Open the ball valve and monitor the pressure. If more air needs to be added then repeat steps 3-8.
- 9. If the part is over-pressurized, disconnect the pressure gage and bleed the pressure down to 0.4 psi.
- 10. If the pressure is optimal, then monitor it for 15 minutes.
- 11. A pressure drop of more than 0.05 psi during the 15 minutes constitutes a failure.

How do you find leaks?

1. If the pressure is falling rapidly, inspect key areas such as: pylons, repairs, spin-weld plugs, and t-nuts. A soap water solution applied to these areas works really well in field applications. The soap water solution will "bubble-up" where a leak is detected. Make sure the connection points are not leaking (valve to part / the gage quick connect). If leaks are discovered at the connecting points, but not on the part, the part is considered good.

Points to remember:

- 1. Other phenomenon not addressed with these field test are duration of test, temperature, air volume, and velocity.
- .35 psi instead of 0.4 psi is ok. Look for a significant pressure drop in air pressure. Don't over-pressurize the dock section; the kiss-offs could be broken.
- 3. Don't leave the pressure gage on parts for an extended period of time. Pressure changes are related to time and temperature.